Product and Quotient Rules of Derivatives (3.3)

Finding the Derivative of Common Functions: Differentiate the function.

1.
$$f(x) = \sin x$$

$$t' = \cos x$$

3.
$$f(x) = \ln x$$

2.
$$f(x) = \cos x$$

4.
$$f(x) = 5^x$$

4.
$$f(x) = 5^{x}$$

 $f' = 5^{x} / n 5^{x}$

$$f = u \cdot V \longrightarrow f' = u' V + V' U$$

Finding the Derivative Using the Product Rule: Differentiate the function.

5.
$$f(x) = x^2 \ln x$$

$$f' = 2 \times \ln x + x^{2} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$f' = 2 \times \ln x + x$$

$$f' = x(2 \ln x + 1)$$

6.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + 4x^2 \cos x$$

$$f' = \frac{3}{2}x^{2} + 8x \cos x + 4x^{2}(-\sin x)$$

$$f' = \frac{3}{7}x^2 + 8x\cos x - 4x^2\sin x$$

$$f = \frac{u}{v} \longrightarrow f' = \frac{u'v - v'u}{v^2}$$

Finding the Derivative Using the Quotient Rule: Differentiate the function.

7.
$$f(x) = \frac{3x+2}{x^4-5x}$$

$$f' = \frac{3(x^4-5x)^2}{(x^4-5x)^2}$$

$$f' = \frac{3x^4-15x}{(x^4-5x)^2}$$

$$f' = -\frac{9x^4-8x^3+10}{(x^4-5x)^2}$$

8.
$$f(x) = \frac{3e^{x}}{7\cos x - \sqrt[3]{x}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(-7\sin x - \frac{1}{3}x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3}) - 3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3e^{x}(7\cos x - x^{1/3})}{(7\cos x - x^{1/3})^{2}} + 1 = \frac{3$$

Finding a Tangent Line: Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at the given point. Verify your answer by graphing the function and tangent line to the right.

9.
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x + 3}$$
 at $(-1,0)$
 $f' = (2x - 1)(x + 3) - (x^2 - x - 2)$
 $(x + 3)^2$
 $f' = \frac{2x^2 + 6x - x - 3 - x^2 + x + 2}{(x + 3)^2}$
 $f' = \frac{x^2 + 6x - 1}{(x + 3)^2} = f(-1) = -\frac{3}{2}$