

# 8.1

## Matrix Solutions to Linear Systems

- Using Matrix Row Operations
- Solving by Using Gaussian Elimination with back-substitution
- Using Gauss-Jordan Elimination

# Back-Substitution

1. 
$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3/2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$x + y = 3$$

$$y + (3/2)z = -2$$

$$z = 0$$

$$(5, -2, 0)$$

# Back-Substitution

$$2. \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} a + 2b - c = 2 \\ b + c - 2d = -3 \\ c - d = -2 \\ d = 3 \end{array}$$

$$(-1, 2, 1, 3)$$

# Matrix Operations

3. 
$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 5 & -6 \\ 3 & 3 & -1 & 10 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{array} \right] -3R_1 + R_2$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 5 & -6 \\ -3(1)+3 & -3(-1)+3 & -3(5)-1 & -3(-6)+10 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 5 & -6 \\ 0 & 6 & -16 & 28 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

# Matrix Operations

4. 
$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 5 & -6 \\ 3 & 3 & -1 & 10 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{array} \right] R_1 - R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 5 & -6 \\ 3 & 3 & -1 & 10 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$
$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 5 & -6 \\ 3 & 3 & -1 & 10 \\ 0 & -4 & 3 & -11 \end{array} \right]$$

# Solving Systems Using Matrices

5.  $3a + b - c = 0$

$$2a + 3b - 5c = 1$$

$$a - 2b + 3c = -4$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -5 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ 2 & 3 & -5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & 9 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-2R_1 + R_2$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & 9 \\ 0 & 7 & -10 & 12 \end{array} \right] \quad -3R_1 + R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -3 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2 - R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & -11/7 & 9/7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \quad \frac{1}{7}R_2, -R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & -11/7 & 9/7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$a - 2b + 3c = -4$$

$$b - (11/7)c = 9/7$$

$$c = 3$$

$$(-1, 6, 3)$$

# Solving Systems Using Matrices

6.  $2x + y = z + 1$

$$2x = 1 + 3y - z$$

$$x + y + z = 4$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

$(1, 1, 2)$

## 8.2

# Independent and Dependent Systems

- Recognizing the differences between independent and dependent systems
- Solving Using Matrices to find independent and dependent systems

# Solving Systems Using Matrices

$$7. \begin{cases} x - 2y - z = -5 \\ 2x - 3y - z = 0 \\ 3x - 4y - z = 1 \end{cases} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & -4 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 10 \\ 3 & -4 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad -2R_1 + R_2$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 10 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 16 \end{array} \right] \quad -3R_1 + R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -4 \end{array} \right] \quad -2R_2 + R_3$$

$$0 \neq -4$$

No Solutions;  $\emptyset$ ; Empty Set  
Independent Solution

# Solving Systems Using Matrices

8.  $x - 2y - z = 5$   
 $2x - 5y + 3z = 6$   
 $x - 3y + 4z = 1$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 5 \\ 2 & -5 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad -2R_1 + R_2$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & -4 \end{array} \right] \quad -R_1 + R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2 + R_3, -R_2$$

$$(\underline{\quad}, \underline{\quad}, z)$$

$$x - 2y - z = 5$$

$$y - 5z = 4 \quad \longrightarrow \quad y = 5z + 4$$

$$(\underline{\quad}, 5z + 4, z)$$

$$x - 2(5z + 4) - z = 5$$

$$x = 11z + 13$$

$$(11z + 13, 5z + 4, z)$$